

Hawaiian Village

Sept. 2023 Water Quality Report to Residents



The Problem

- Increasing frequency and severity of algae blooms in the lake
 - Occurring earlier than past years
 - Effects of 2019 flood?
 - In the past August & September (higher water temps)
 - First week of May this year, and repeatedly throughout the summer
- HV water tested in May 2023
 - Identified <u>2 types of algae that can become toxic</u> when conditions are right
 - Testing has not been done frequently or consistently in the past, and usually for other contaminants
 - Some residents have reported illness after swimming/water activities at HV

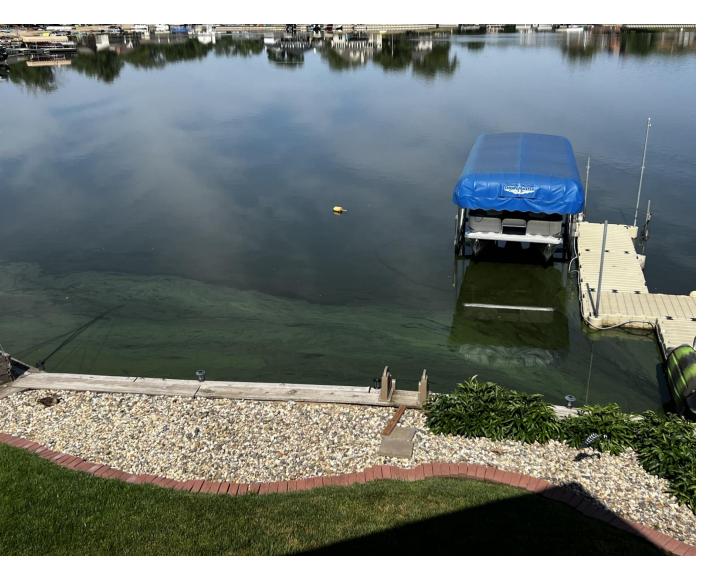
Types of potentially toxic algae at HV



Plantothrix



Anabaena



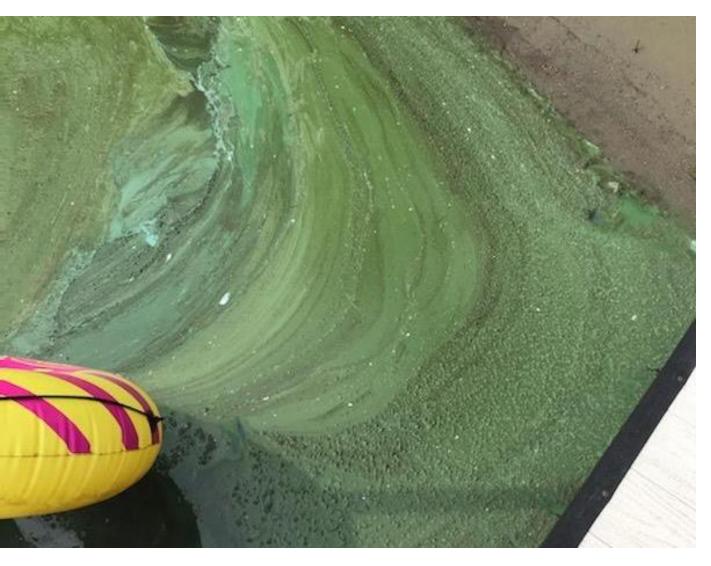
Hawaiian Village West lake

May 2023



Hawaiian Village West Lake

June 2023



Hawaiian Village East Lake

July 2023



Hawaiian Village East Lake

August 2023



Hawaiian Village East Lake

August 2023

The Problem, cont'd...

- HABs are happening more frequently across the U.S. It is not just HV (reporting is voluntary and likely under-reported)
 - In 2019 and 2020, less than 250 reported nationwide
 - In 2021, 368 reported nationwide
 - Untreated water with algae see approx. 30% growth annually
- Exposure to Harmful Algae Blooms (HAB's) can cause illness and death (often pets)
 - Symptoms:
 - Diarrhea
 - Nausea or vomiting
 - Skin, eye or throat irritation
 - Allergic reactions or breathing difficulties
 - 100's of known dog deaths per year from reporting states.

The Problem, cont'd...

- Recommendations for actions during an algae bloom, across all states:
 - AVOID CONTACT WITH THE WATER. KEEPS PETS AND PEOPLE OUT OF THE WATER.
 - Handouts available after the meeting

How many days each summer do we want to be prevented from using the lake?

The Problem, cont'd...

- Do we know we have reached toxic levels? No, but.....
- We don't know we haven't either.
- NE Dept of Environment & Energy describes HAB as:
 - Distinct blue-green color but may also appear to be green, brown or red.
 - Water may have a bad odor.
 - Foam, scum or a thick paint-like appearance on the water surface.
 - Green or blue-green streaks on the surface.

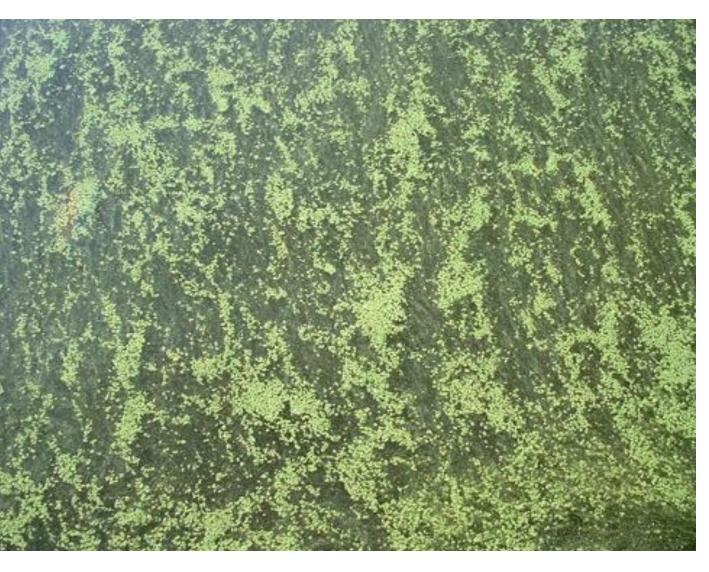
9/8/2023



HAB-Blue, green or white spilled paint

Image from New York Dept. of Environmental Conservation website

https://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/81962.ht ml



HAB-Green dots or chunks

Image from New York Dept. of Environmental Conservation website

https://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/81962.ht ml



HAB-Pea Soup appearance

Image from New York Dept. of Environmental Conservation website

https://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/81962.ht ml



HAB-Green Streaks

Image from New York Dept. of Environmental Conservation website

https://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/81962.ht ml



Treatment Options



Treatment Option: Alum

- Chemical treatment, avg. effectiveness 8 yrs. (if no excessive internal load).
- Binds to phosphorus denying algae cells some of the food needed to grow and multiply.
- Forms a gelatinous substance as it settles to the bottom, removes phosphorus and particulates from the water column on the way.
- Cannot treat coves, too shallow; will be disturbed by boats/human activity.
- Safe for fish, wildlife and other aquatic organisms.
- No water contact for 48 hrs. after treatment.
- Toxins can still be released from algae cells that remain.
- Cost: \$150,000-200,000 (2021 estim).

Treatment Option: Copper Sulfate

- Chemical algaecide, avg. effectiveness 5-10 days
- Acts on algae by interfering in chlorophyll reproduction in cell.
- Must be applied at time of active blooms or used prior to major holiday weekends.
- Requires multiple applications per summer, not preventative.
- No water contact for 24 hrs. after treatment.
- Has maximum dosages, which may/may not treat large blooms.
- Algae cells release toxins (if present) when they die.
- Some negative impact on "non-target aquatic species" (fish) recorded.
- Cost: approx. \$3500/treatment; if Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day=\$10,500

Treatment Option: Ultrasonic

- Non-Chemical, unit lifespan 7-9 yrs.
- Sustainable year after year, 65-75% reduction in algae counts.
- Treats & <u>prevents</u> blooms all summer.
- Acts on algae by interfering in reproduction of cells.
- Installed in the spring, removed in the fall.
- Algae cells do NOT release toxins (if present) when they die.
- Safe for fish, wildlife and other aquatic species.
- Cost: \$45,000-\$47,000 to purchase 7 units; \$3500/yr. monitoring dashboard plus budgeting for replacements. Less than \$50/household per year.

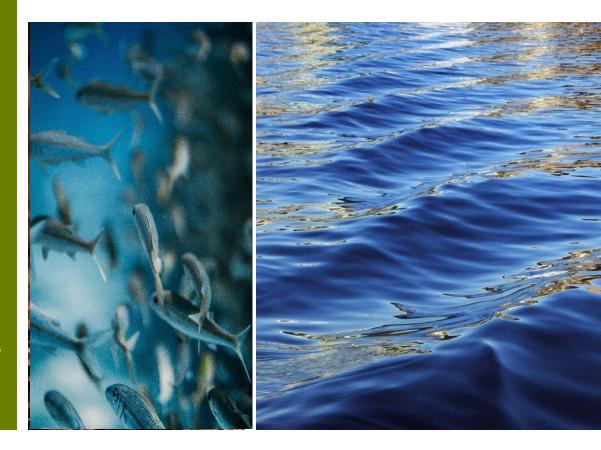
Area Lakes adopting Ultrasonic

- Ginger Cove
- Valley Shores
- Blue Water
- Timber Lodge
- Timber Shores
- Eagle Woods
- Riverside

9/8/2023



Carly Dana Ginger Cove, 9 years Water Quality Manager



QUESTIONS?